

## **Browning Treatment**

Removes browning caused by over wetting. Reduces the intensity of yellow animal stains. Specifically developed for the removal of cellulosic browning. Very effective on both carpet and upholstery for removing old and new coffee, tea and other dye stains.



### For carpet & upholstery

- 1. Do not dilute use product neat.
- 2. Pre-test on fabric for colour fastness in an inconspicuous area.
- 3. Apply treatment using a chemical resistant sprayer. Apply uniformly to the affected area.
- 4. Brush area with pile brush.
- 5. Allow Browning Treatment to work until browning is removed or intensity is reduced. Then blot (do not rub) with a clean dry, white cloth to remove excess moisture as desired.5. For upholstery, do not over wet and extract with a portable or truck mounted vacuum system

#### **Browning Treatment Characteristics**

pH @ use: 3.5 – 4.5

Coverage: Up to 20 sq. metres per 4 L

Dilution: Ready to Use
Appearance: Clear Liquid
Fragrance: Sulphuric
Packaging: Case 4 x 3.78 Ltr



### What Does It Do?

# Removes or reduces browning due to oversetting and bleeding through the jute backing

When the jute carpet backing becomes over wet, jute vegetable dyes combine with the excess moisture and travel up through the carpet fibre during drying and discolour it. Browning Treatment will remove or effectively reduce the discolouration caused.

### Removes brown or yellow animal stains

An application of Browning Treatment will reduce the intensity of animal stains or in some cases, remove them completely.

### **Effective on upholstery and carpet**

Use safely on upholstery. If over wet, the foam or stuffing under the upholstery fabric can discolour the face fabric. This treatment can remove the resulting browning.

### Removes coffee, tea or dye staining

Apply after the use of a carpet spotter or detergent straight onto the fabric or carpet to be treated. Apply heat from a hairdryer or iron method if required. The product continues to work until dry. Rinse to stop the potential for fading the fibre or leaving a powdery residue.

ALWAYS pre test areas to be treated

